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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/550,967	09/26/2005	Heinrich Franz Bartosik	N0484.70060US00	6112
23628 WOLF GREE	7590 09/08/201 NFIELD & SACKS, P.0	EXAMINER		
600 ATLANT	IC AVENUE	PULLIAS, JESSE SCOTT		
BOSTON, MA	A 02210-2206		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2626	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/08/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/550,967	BARTOSIK ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
JESSE S. PULLIAS	2626		

	JESSE S. PULLIAS	2626					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 30 August 2010 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE					
If a REFLET FILED 3D AUGUST AND PALES FOR THE APPLIES OF THE APPLIES OF THE APPLIES OF THE STATE OF THE APPLIES							
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing	date of the final rejection.						
b) A The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Ar no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(I	iter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	n.				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of		36(a) and the appropriat	extension fee				
have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL.	ension and the corresponding amount hortened statutory period for reply origi	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as				
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl	iance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be	filed within two months	of the date of				
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wi	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the					
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>							
 The proposed amendment(s) flied after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); 							
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or		ducing or simplifying t	ne issues for				
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	1. See attached Notice of Non-Co	mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).				
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):							
	6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the						
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:							
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-17.							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 							
D. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fus provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).							
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER							
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:							
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (13. Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)						
/Talivaldis Ivars Smits/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2626	/Jesse S. Pullias/						
r minary Examinor, rat orin 2020	Examiner, Art Unit 2626						

In response to applicant's arguments on page 9 that Friedland does not teach displaying the list of alternatives, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPC 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPC 975 (Fed. Cir. 1986). Lewis discloses: "...display at least some of the plurality of entries as a list of alternatives to individual word parts, words, and/or word sequences of the recognized text', See Fig 4 of Lewis as well as page 3 of the Final Rejection 08/29/10. The Final Rejection relies upon Friedland to teach the limitations which are not taught by Mishelevich and Lewis, i.e. a list of alternatives is updated based on a number of times that the correction device previously corrected the word (Co17 lines 10-25, Fig 5.) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in at at the time of the invention to modify the invention of Mishelevich and Lewis such that the list of alternatives for at least some of the plurality of entries in the eixorion of alternatives displayed for a particular individual word, in order to improve the ruling out of words and phrases, as suggested by Friedland (Co1 lines 8-14), which could be expected to improve correction accuracy. Therefore, the argument page 9 that Friedland does not teach displaying the list of alternatives does not show nonobviousness because it attacks Friedland individually when the rejection is based on a combination of references, and so is not persuasive.

On page 9, the Remarks also argue that the list of alternate text selections in Friedland does not "update the list of alternatives... based, at least in part, on a number of times that the correction device previously corrected the particular individual word part, word, and/or word sequence" as recited in claim 1, stating that "... in the system of Friedland, the number of excluded text phrases stored in memory (which are not included in the list of alternate text selections) may be limited (Friedland, od. 7, lines 1-0.25). However, one can input uterrance, the list of alternate text selections in the system of Friedland is created using speech recognition and statistical modeling techniques and the excluded text phrases stored in memory are removed from the list, if present (Friedland, od. 5, lines 43-49.).

In response, the Remarks above appear to acknowledge that Friedland removes the excluded text phrases stored in memory from the list of alternatives, if present. Therefore, Friedland updates the list of alternatives by removing the excluded text phrases stored in memory from the list of alternatives, if present. In Friedland, the number of words "present" and stored in memory is based, at least in part, on a number of times that the correction device previously corrected the particular individual word. The algorithm is 6, block 60 of Friedland determines if the "same location", i.e. same word or phrase previously corrected, is being currently corrected. If so, the algorithm processes steps 64B, 66, 54, and 55, in which the memory is checked to see if the stored text count is over a predetermine quantity (if so, the earliest one is discarded), the currently selected text is stored, and the current text items stored in the memory are excluded from the identified alternate text selection ist. Since the number of words in the "stored text" of stope 64B depends on the number inms the particular word has previously been corrected (i.e. same location, block 60), the number of words excluded from the list of alternate text selections depends on the number of times the particular word has previously corrected. Therefore, in Friedland, the updating of the liaternatives may be fairly considered to be "based, at least in part, on a number of times that the correction device previously corrected the particular individual word", as required to vold in 1.

On page 9 the Remarks further assert, "Rather, the identity of the excluded text phrases stored in memory in the system of Friedland is dependent on the number of times that a phrase has been re-dictated".

In response, as noted above and shown by Fig 5 of Friedland, the quantity, as well as identity of the excluded text phrases depends on the number of times a phrase has been re-dicitated, i.e. previously corrected, and therefore the quantity and identity of those words excluded from the list of alternatives depends on the number of times a phrase has been previously corrected.

On page 10, the Remarks argue that Friedland does not teach the list of alternatives is updated only when at least a predetermined degree of phonetic similarity exists between the particular individual word part, word, and/or word sequence and a text replacement in the at least one previous correction, because Friedland teaches limiting the number of "excluded" text phrases stored in memory during a correction sequence, and that step 64 of Fig 4 in Friedland is directed to an algorithm that identifies acoustic characteristics for a redictated ulterance to determine whether the user is intending to chance the text completely rather than correct than the contractions of the contraction of t

In response, as noted above, Friedland excluding words or phrases from the list of alternatives may be fairly considered "updating the ist of alternatives" for the reasons noted above. As far as "only when at least a predetermined degree of phonetic similarly exists..." the algorithm in Fig 4 of Friedland is similar to that of Fig 5, except that instead of counting the number of stored text, the currently selected word acoustic characteristics are compared to the previously corrected word acoustic characteristics. If they are similar, the process advances to block 66 where the text is stored to be excluded from the list of alternatives. Therefore, Friedlandsches that the list of alternatives is updated only when at least a predetermined degree of phonetic similarity exists between the particular individual word part, word, and/or word sequence and a text replacement in the at least one previous correction, as in claim 2.

The arguments on page 11 regarding claim 7 are similar to those addressed above regarding claim 1, and are not persuasive for similar research.